

Seat	
No.	

M.A. – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY (New) Ancient Indian History (Upto 650 A.D.) (Paper – I)

Day and Date : Monday, 21-4-2014 Max. Marks : 70

Time: 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

Note: All questions are compulsory.

Right side digit indicate full marks.

			9 9					
1.	Fill	l in the blanks.						14
	1)	M	andal exited in Ri	g-V	eda.			
		A) 1	B) 2	C)	8	D)	10	
	2)	coi	in is considered fi	irst t	the known co	in in	Ancient India.	
		A) Ashokas coir	า	B)	Kashatrap c	oin		
		C) Punch Mark	coin	D)	Gupta coin			
	3)	Ashamak Mahaj	anpada exited in	pre	sent		State India.	
		A) Kashi	B) Maghad	C)	Gandhar	D)	Ashamak	
	4)	Satvahan dynas	ty also known as					
		A) Adhryabrutya	ì	B)	Chedi			
		C) Chalukya		D)	Pal			
	5)	U-Chi tribe also	known as		in Ancient	Indi	a.	
		A) Pallav	B) Kushan	C)	Shaka	D)	Yavan	
	6)	is t	he author of Indic	a.				
		A) Minyandar		B)	Megyesthen	is		
		C) Drimitrious		D)	Fa-hiyan			
	7)	Identify the reve	nue officer of Ma	urya	an administra	tion	system	
		A) Samaharta	B) Purpal	C)	Mantri	D)	Senapati	
	8)	was	the capital of Cha	andı	ragupta Maur	ya.		
		A) Pataliputra	B) Kashi	C)	Taxila	D)	Kosambi	
	9)	W	as the first king o	f Sh	nuga dynasty.			
		A) Devbuti	B) Sariputra	C)	Bruhadatta	D)	Pushamitra	

SLI	R-P	A-6						
	10)	Who is the author	or of famous Alah	aba	nd Prashasti ?	•		
	11)	A) Kalidas The term Puga re	B) Sudrak efers to	,	Harisena	D) Ravikirti		
		A) A group of Me	erchants	B)	A group of La	and grant		
		C) A guild of arti	san	D)	A bankers			
	12)	Which of the follo	owing area won b	y th	e Chandragu _l	ota Maurya		
		A) Ganga Valley	•	•	North-Weste			
	40)	C) Deccan	Salla a sal	,		up to Narma	da	
	13)	Gupta king was f			_		haaa	
	14)	A) BuddhisimUnder the whichBuddhism	B) Jainism Buddhist Monk i	•		•		
		A) Upagupta	B) Upali	C)	Radhagupta	D) Nagsena		
2.	1) 2) 3) 4)	ite a short note (a Four veda Maghad Majanpa Pallav Dynasty Ramgupta Pulumavi.	,					12
3.	1) 2) 3) 4)	ite a short answe Write a importan Write a note on E Describe the Ava What was the im Describe the soo	nce of foreign trad Buddhism and Ja anti and Magad J apact of the Kalig	ainis anp a w	m religious lit ad. ar.		ntury A.D.	16
4.	1) 2)	ite a long answer Explain the Kani Describe the gup Elaborate the ard	shkas contributio patas civil admin	istra				14
5.		ite a critical easy aluate the Satvha	OR			ndition.		14



Seat	
No.	

M.A. (AIHC&A) (Semester – I) Examination, 2014 WRITING AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS AND CURRENT AFFAIRS (Paper – V) (New)

•	nd Date: Wednesday, 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.i			Total Marks	: 70
In	nstructions: 1) All 2) Figu		ompulsory. tindicate full mar	ks.	
	noose the correct alte य पर्याय निवडा :	rnative :			14
1)) is the Sec	cretary General	of UNO.		
	a) Ban Ki-moon हे युनोचे सर्रा		c) Bill Klinton	d) Barak Obama	
	a) बान की-मून		c) बिल क्लिंटन	d) बराक ओबामा	
2)) is the Pr Sammelan.	esident of forth	coming Akhil Bh	artiya Marathi Sahitya	
	a) Arun Sadhu		b) F.M. Shinde		
	c) Prabha Ganorka	ır	d) None of thes	е	
	हे आगामी अ	अखिल भारतीय मरा	ठी साहित्य संमेलनाचे	अध्यक्ष आहेत.	
	a) अरुण साधू	b) फ.मु.शिंदे	c) प्रभा गणोरकर	d) यापैकी नाही	
3))is the Cha	airman of the Pla	anning Commissio	on.	
	a) President		b) Vice-Preside	nt	
	c) Prime-Minister		d) Finance Mini	ster	
	हे योजना आ				
	a) राष्ट्रपती	b) उपराष्ट्रपती	c) पंतप्रधान	d) वित्तमंत्री	
4)	The word 'Gopher' r	elated with			
	a) TV	b) Film	c) Internet	d) None of these	
	गोफर हा शब्द	•	•	•	
	a) टीव्ही	– b) चित्रपट		d) यापैकी नाही P	.T.O.



5)	Who signed on ten rupee note?	
	a) Finance Minister	b) Governor of RBI
	c) Finance Secretary	d) None of these
	दहा रुपयाच्या नोटेवर कोणाची स्वाक्षरी	असते ?
	a) वित्त मंत्री	b) आर बी आयचे गवर्नर
	c) वित्त सचिव	d) यापैकी नाही
6)	is the Railway Minister	er.
	a) Mukul Roy	b) Mallikarjun Kharage
	c) C.P. Joshi	d) Veerappa Moili
	हे रेल्वे मंत्री आहेत.	
	a) मुकुल रॉय	b) मल्लिकार्जुन खरगे
	c) सी.पी.जोशी	d) वीरप्पा मोईली
7)	Philately means	
	a) TV making company	b) Branch of philosophy
	c) Collecting postal stamps	d) None of these
	फिलाटेली म्हणजे	
	a) टीव्ही तयार करणारी कंपनी	b) तत्वज्ञानाची शाखा
	c) पोस्टाची तिकिटे जमा करणे	d) यापैकी नाही
8)	is the first Editor of K	esari.
	a) Chiplunkar	b) B.G.Tilak
	c) Agarkar	d) S.M. Paranjape
	हे केसरीचे पहिले संपादक हो	ते.
	a) चिपळूणकर	b) बाळ गंगाधर तिळक
	c) आगकर	d) शि.म. परांजपे
9)	write the song 'Vande I	Mataram'.
	a) Tagore	b) Iqbal
	c) Pradip	d) Bankim Chandra Chatarjee
	वंदे मातरम् यांनी लिहिले.	
	a) टागोर	b) इक्बाल
	c) प्रदीप	d) बंकिमचंद्र चटर्जी



10)	10) Communication between two peoples is known as						
	a) Intrapersonal con	nmunication	b)	Dyadic communic	cati	on	
	c) Both a and b		d)	None of these			
	दोन व्यक्तीमधील संवादाल	ता म्हण	गतात	•			
	a) इंट्रापर्सनल कम्युनिके	शन	b)	डायडीक कम्युनिकेशन	ſ		
	c) दोन्ही a आणि b		d)	यापैकी नाही			
11)	is the Cha	airman of Rajyas	sabl	na.			
	a) Speaker		b)	President			
	c) Prime Minister		d)	Vice-President			
	राज्यसभेचे अध्यक्ष	हे असतात.					
	a) सभापती	b) राष्ट्रपती	c)	पंतप्रधान	d)	उप-राष्ट्रपती	
12)	IAEA is set up in						
	a) 1959	b) 1954	c)	1957	d)	1956	
	आय ए ई ए ची स्थापना _	मध्ये झा	ली.				
	a) १९५९	b) १९५४	c)	१९५७	d)	१९५६	
13)	International Trade O	rganisation esta	ablis	hed in			
	a) 1950	b) 1948			d)	1947	
	अंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार संघटने						
	a) १९५०	•		१९४९	d)	१९४७	
14)	The headquarter's of	UNO is situated	d at				
	a) Washigton		-	New York	d)	None of these	
	युनोचे मुख्यालय	<u> </u>				-20 -9	
	a) वॉशिंग्टन		C)	न्युयॉर्क	d)	यापैकी नाही	
	ite short notes (any fo	·					12
	। लिहा (कोणत्याही चार - Panahayat Pai	<i>)</i> :					
1)	Panchayat Raj पंचायत राज						
2)	IMF आय एम एफ						
•	भाव एन एन PTI and UNI पी टी आय आणि यु एन अ	गाय					

3.

4.

5.

R-PA – 10	-4-	
4) Naxalism नक्षलवाद		
5) Goa liberation move गोवा मुक्ती संग्राम	ement	
Write the answers in 15	0 words (any four):	16
पुढील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे १५० श	ब्दात लिहा (कोणत्याही चार) :	
1) State the importanc लेखन कौशल्याचे महत्त्व		
2) Explain the appropri संदर्भाचा योग्य वापर स्पष्ट		
3) State the various typ संवादाचे विविध प्रकार न		
	ı 'Sanyukta Maharashtra Movement'. ठ' यावर थोडक्यात टिपण करा.	
5) State the main reas पहिल्या महायुद्धाची प्रमुख	•	
Write the answers in 25	0 words (any two):	14
पुढील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे २५० श	ब्दात लिहा (कोणतेही दोन):	
	out the functioning of the UNO. ामकाजाबाबत सविस्तर चर्चा करा.	
2) Write a feature on 'T तेलंगणावर लेख लिहा.	elangana'.	
3) Write an essay on 'r 'महागाई' वर निबंध लिह		
Write the answer in 500	words.	14
पुढील प्रश्नाचे उत्तर ५०० शब	दात लिहा.	
The in detail about the	e effects of First and Second World War	

'पहिल्या आणि दुसऱ्या महायुद्धाचे परिणाम' याबाबत सविस्तर लिहा.

OR/किंवा

Write in detail about 'Gramsabha, Vidhansabha and Loksabha'.

'ग्रामसभा, विधानसभा आणि लोकसभा' याबाबत सविस्तर लिहा.



Seat	
No.	

M.A. (Semester – II) Examination, 2014 Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archaeology (New) HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIA (Paper – 1) (650 to 1200 A.D.)

	HISTORY OF ANCI	ENT INDIA (Paper – 1) (650 to 1200 A.D.)
-	d Date : Tuesday, 22-4- 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.	14 Max. Marks: 70
	, ,	nestions are compulsory . of right indicate full marks.
1. Ch	oose a correct alternati	ve: 14
1)	Nayanar term use in So	outh Indian for cult.
	A) Vaishnav	B) Shiva
	C) Ganapatya	D) Varkari
2)	was the	assume the title as a Gagaikondcholpuram.
	A) Rajendra	B) Rajraja
	C) Kirtivarman	D) Rajkumar
3)	king Bui	t the Ellora Kailas temple.
	A) Jayavardhan	B) Kumarpal
	C) Krishna I	D) Druva
4)	Amoghvarsha wrote the	e kannada poetry book.
	A) Rajmarg	B) Kavinath
	C) Kavirajmarg	D) Gantri
5)	Viishnuvardhan Chalu place.	kya form chalukya dynasty second branch at
	A) Vengi	B) Madurai
	C) Varangal	D) Bhuvaneshwar



6)	First Sangam held at	_place.
	A) Madurai	B) Kapatpuram
	C) Rameshwar	D) Palkad
7)	was the president of	f first Sangam.
	A) Nakkiran	B) Agastya
	C) Tolkapiyam	D) None of these
8)	Ancient Indian the cast system em	erged from system.
	A) Varna	B) Feudal
	C) Barter	D) Political
9)	Ancient vatapi was located at pres	ent district.
	A) Vijapur	B) Mysore
	C) Bellari	D) Gulbarga
10)	was the founder of t	he Pallav dynasty.
	A) Shivvishnu	B) Vishnuvarman
	C) Harshavardhan	D) Pulkeshi I
11)	Bhattarak title was taken by	Chalukya king.
	A) Kirtivarman	B) Pulkeshi II
	C) Chandragupta	D) Radhagupta
12)	Tolkapiyam was the	related book
	A) Religious	B) Grammar
	C) Environment	D) Music
13)	Vallabhi University was located at	place.
	A) Maharashtra	B) Gujarat
	C) Odisa	D) Karnataka
14)	Vijayalaya was the founder of	dynasty.
	A) Rashtrakut	B) Chol
	C) Ganga	D) Chalukya

-3-

SLR-PA - 16



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Methods in Archaeology (Paper – II) (New)

	Methods in Archaeolo	gy (Paper – II) (New)	
-	Date : Thursday, 24-4-2014 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.	Total Marks	: 70
	N. B.: 1) All questions are co 2) Figures to the right		
1. Sele	ect appropriate word :		14
1) .	is suitable for excavatio	n of fortification.	
	a) Vertical method	b) Horizontal method	
	c) Step trench method	d) Quadrant method	
2)	If a terracotta pot is red in colour, it is	assumed to be fired in kiln.	
	a) Closed	b) Open	
	c) Half-closed	d) Partly closed	
3)	In Maharashtra excavation of stone c	ircle was done at	
	a) Nevasa	b) Inamgaon	
	c) Wakav	d) Mahurzari	
4)	For pottery drawing and	parts of pottery are used.	
	a) Rim and base	b) Body and neck	
	c) Tip and lip	d) Neck and shoulder	
5)	Excavation of megalith should be don	•	
	a) Vertical	b) Horizontal	
	c) Quadrant	d) Step trench	
6)	In India technique of underwater arch	aeology was used in the excavation of	
-	a) Ayodhya	b) Kaushambi	
	c) Kashi	d) Dwarka	

2.



Soi	ndages are also	called as					
a)	Pits		b)	Trial trenche	es		
c)	Grids		d)	Vertical sect	ion		
Pot	tassium Argon i	s the					
a)	Relative dating	method	b)	Absolute dat	ing method		
c)	General dating	method	d)	None of thes	se		
	facto	rs are responsib	le for d	isturbance to	the strata.		
a)	Pit		b)	Post hole			
c)	Stone		d)	Dump			
	bag	s are used to colle	ect spe	cimens like s	tone tools or	potteries.	
a)	Plastic		b)	Cloth			
c)	Paper		d)	None of thes	se		
In (Gujarat the nam	e of ancient mou	ınd giv	en by local pe	eople is		
a)	Ladmod	b) Aabhir	c)	Timbo	d) Tila		
Tre	enches are sepa	rated from each	other v	vith			
a)	Pit		b)	Post hole			
c)	Baulk		d)	Stone			
		onal measureme	ent of a	ntiquity in ex	cavation	is	
a)	Camera		b)	Bubble (Spir	rit level)		
c)	Record note bo	ook	d)	Tapes			
Pot	ttery has rightly	been called the _		of arc	haeology.		
•			b)	Father			
c)	Alphabets		d)	None of thes	se		
ite s	short notes of th	e following (any	four o	out of five):			12
Pho	otography in arc	haeology					
Pot	tery Yard						
Nitr	ogen Test						
Cor	nservation of ive	ory antiquities					
Poll	len analysis.						
	a) c) Por a) c) In (a) Tre a) c) In (a) C) For a) c) ite so Por Nitr Cor	a) Pits c) Grids Potassium Argon is a) Relative dating c) General datingfacto a) Pit c) Stonebags a) Plastic c) Paper In Gujarat the nam a) Ladmod Trenches are sepa a) Pit c) Baulk For three dimension important item. a) Camera c) Record note be pottery has rightly a) Mother c) Alphabets ite short notes of the Photography in archer Pottery Yard Nitrogen Test	a) Pits c) Grids Potassium Argon is the a) Relative dating method c) General dating method factors are responsib a) Pit c) Stone bags are used to colle a) Plastic c) Paper In Gujarat the name of ancient mod a) Ladmod b) Aabhir Trenches are separated from each a) Pit c) Baulk For three dimensional measurement important item. a) Camera c) Record note book Pottery has rightly been called the a) Mother c) Alphabets ite short notes of the following (any Photography in archaeology Pottery Yard Nitrogen Test Conservation of ivory antiquities	c) Grids d) Potassium Argon is the	a) Pits b) Trial trenches c) Grids d) Vertical sect Potassium Argon is the	a) Pits b) Trial trenches c) Grids d) Vertical section Potassium Argon is the	a) Pits b) Trial trenches c) Grids d) Vertical section Potassium Argon is the a) Relative dating method b) Absolute dating method c) General dating method d) None of these factors are responsible for disturbance to the strata. a) Pit b) Post hole c) Stone d) Dump bags are used to collect specimens like stone tools or potteries. a) Plastic b) Cloth c) Paper d) None of these In Gujarat the name of ancient mound given by local people is a) Ladmod b) Aabhir c) Timbo d) Tila Trenches are separated from each other with a) Pit b) Post hole c) Baulk d) Stone For three dimensional measurement of antiquity in excavation is important item. a) Camera b) Bubble (Spirit level) c) Record note book d) Tapes Pottery has rightly been called the of archaeology. a) Mother b) Father c) Alphabets d) None of these ite short notes of the following (any four out of five): Photography in archaeology Pottery Yard Nitrogen Test Conservation of ivory antiquities



		-3-	SLR-PA-	17
3.	Wı	rite short answers of the following (any	four):	16
	1)	Describe the step trench method of ex	cavation.	
	2)	How do you clean the antiquities of cop	oper and bronze ?	
	3)	Throw light on religious and cultural lift materials.	e of ancient societies from excavated	
	4)	What is dating method? Write note on	C-14.	
	5)	Explain in brief the importance of buria	al in excavation.	
4.	Wı	rite a answer in detail (any two) :		14
	1)	Discuss how village to village survey is discovering archaeological sites.	s considered to be the best method of	
	2)	Write about the advantages and shortco	omings of a vertical excavation method.	
	3)	Illustrate the method of Quadrant exca	vation and its importance.	
5.		escribe the systematic methods of explo ese methods.	oration and explain the significance of	14
		OR		
	Wı	rite in detail about relative dating metho	ds that are applied in archaeology.	



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY (New) Ancient Indian Numismatics (Paper – III)

-	and Date : Saturda : 11.00 a.m. to 2.0	•	Max. Marks	: 70
	,	All questions are com	•	
1. 5	Select appropriate	word:		14
1	1) On the coins of	Huviahka	were depicted.	
	a) Skanda (Kur	nara) b)) Indra	
	c) Brahma	d)) Laxmi	
2	2) Most artistic coi	ns in India were introdu	iced by	
	a) Kushan	b)) Greek	
	c) Satvahana	d)) Magadh	
3	B) Hoard of Gupta	dynasty was found at _	in Rajasthan.	
	a) Bayana	b)) Ganganagar	
	c) Jaipur	d)) Ajmer	
4	4)	is generally depic	cted on Punch marked coins.	
	a) Parrot	b)) Crow	
	c) Eagle	d)) Peacock	
5	ō)p	icture was depicted on t	the reverse side of coins of Vim Kadphis	ses.
	a) Lakshmi	b)) Vishnu	
	c) Shiva	d)) Kartikeya	
6	S)	from Gupta dyna	asty was issued only gold coins.	
	a) Samudragup	ota b)) Ramagupta	
	c) Chandragup	ta II d)) Kumargupta I	



7)	King from	dynasty issued first gold punchmarked coins.
	a) Gupta	b) Satvahana
	c) Chalukya	d) Ikshavaku
8)		picture was seen on the coins of the Gondophernes of
	Persia.	
	a) Ganesh	b) Shiva
	c) Vishnu	d) Kartikeya
9)	Gadyanna coin from, Metal.	adava period was made up of
	a) Silver	b) Gold
	c) Potin	d) Copper
10)	In Punjab terracotta di	s of making coins was discovered at
	a) Ludhiyana	b) Chandigarh
	c) Sunet	d) Ropar
11)	The hoard of Punch M city.	rked Coins was found at 'Bhir' in
	a) Taxila	b) Peshawar
	c) Ravalpindi	d) Kabul
12)		s known as Sungod of Iranians.
	a) Mao	b) Mihir
	c) Ordoksho	d) Athasho
13)	On the coins ofscalp on his head.	king was engraved wearing an elephant's
	a) Apolodotus	b) Minander
	c) Antimekas	d) Dimitrious I
14)	The gold dinara's of th	e Kushana's weighted grains.
	a) 123 grains	b) 100 grains
	c) 125 grains	d) 75 grains

2.	Write short notes of the following (any four out of five):	12
	1) Types of Arched hill	
	2) Zoos and Athena deities on Indo-Greek coins	
	3) Tribal coins	
	4) Bent-bars	
	5) Coins of Huvishka.	
3.	Write short answers of the following (any four out of five):	16
	1) Write salient features of the coins of Satkarni I.	
	2) Describe God and Goddess which depicted on Kushana coins.	
	3) What are Skanda-Kumar-Vishakh type of coins?	
	4) Write salient features of the coins of Vimkadphaisis.	
	5) Write a note on silver portrait coins of the Satavahanas.	
4.	Answer any two of the following:	14
	1) Discuss copper coins of Kumar Gupta I.	
	2) Discuss the coins of Rajraj Chola.	
	3) Write an essay on gold coins of Gupta dynasty.	
5.	Give broad outline of coinage of Indo-Greek.	14
	OR	
	Enumerate the significance of coins found in excavations.	



Seat	
No.	

M.A. (Semester – II) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY (New) Development of Indian Tourism (Paper – IV)

	Developmen	nt of Indian To	ırism (Paper	– IV)
-	nd Date : Tuesday, 29-4-2 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.	2014		Max. Marks: 70
		stions are compul s to the right indica	_	
1. Se	elect the appropriate word	d :		14
1)	From Church Gate Mum	nbai tourist can rea	ch	caves by boat.
	a) Elephanta b)	Karle c)	Pitalkhore	d) Kanheri
2)	Tourism is word originate	ted from	languag	е.
	a) Latin	b)	French	
	c) English	d)	Roman	
3)	is the c	oldest Hinyan cave	s in Maharasht	ra.
	a) Karle b)	Bhaje c)	Ajanta	d) Pune
4)	Tourist guides must hav	e knowledge of		
	a) Social	b)	Political	
	c) Historical and cultura	al d)	None of these	
5)	is the r	main attraction of t	he tourist at Ello	ora.
	a) Tin-Tal-cave	b)	Dona-Tal-cave	•
	c) Icon of Buddha	d)	Kailas Temple	
6)	Temple of Kandariya Ma	ahaddeva is in	st	yle.
	a) Vaser style	b)	Nagar style	
	c) Bhumij style	d)	Chandel style	



7)	World Tourism Organ	nization is establis	hed	d in the year of			
	a) 1975	b) 1976	c)	1977	d)	1974	
8)	Lomesh Rishi cave s	ituated at					
	a) Himalaya	b) Barabar	c)	Nagarjuna	d)	Vaishali	
9)	Brahaddeshwar temp	ole at Tanjore was o	ons	structed during	in_	rulers.	
	a) Raviraja		b)	Ramanraja			
	c) Ravikirti		d)	Rajraja			
10)	Karle is the tourist pla	ace related to		religi	on.		
	a) Buddha	b) Shaiva	c)	Jain	d)	Shakta	
11)	The famous Sun Ten	nple is situated at _					
	a) Indore		b)	Bhaje			
	c) Konark		d)	None of these			
12)	Head Quarter of Wor	ld Health Organiza	atio	n is at			
	a) Canada	b) Geneva	c)	England	d)	Switzerland	
13)	is m	otivated because	of t	ourism.			
	a) Education		b)	Personal orga	niza	ation	
	c) Industry		d)	Business			
14)	Ghruneshwara temp	le is in		district.			
	a) Aurangbad	b) Beed	c)	Vidarbha	d)	Ellora	
2. Wr	rite short notes on (ar	ny four) :					12
1)	Purpose of tourism						
2)	The American societ	y of Travel agents	;				
3)	Elephanta caves						
4)	Religious tourism						
5)	Central tourism depa	rtment.					



3.	Write answers on any four of the following:	16
	1) Give the information about good qualification to tourist guide.	
	2) Write down work of M.T.D.C.	
	3) Explain the main features of Bhaje Chaitya.	
	4) Describe the social importance of tourism.	
	5) Give the tourism importance in human life.	
4.	Write answers to any two of the following:	14
	1) Explain the scope of tourism in modern period.	
	2) Why tourist are attracted towards the place of Ajanta ? Explain.	
	3) Discuss the importance of state tourism department.	
5.	Explain the definition and scope of tourism and discuss the importance of tourism in international relations.	14
	OR	
	Describe the temple of Meenakshi at Madurai as the place of tourist interest.	



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Computer Application in Archaeology (New) (Paper – V)

Day and Date : Friday, 2-5-2014 Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.							Max. Ma	rks :	70
		Note :	,	All questions are Digit of right indi					
1.	Cł	noose a correct a	ılteı	rnative :					14
	1)	Keyboard, mou		printer, storage	devi	ce and memo	ry are	of	
		A) Programs		B) Resource	C)	Hardware	D) Utilities		
	2)	Word processo	r is	asoftw	are.				
		A) System		B) Application	C)	Driver	D) Graphics		
	3)	C.P.U. stands for	or_						
		A) Central Prod	ess	sing Unit	B)	Central Picture	e Unit		
		C) Capture Unit	İ		D)	None of these			
	4)	Windows 8 is ar	ı ex	ample of		_			
		A) Application s	oft	ware	B)	Operating sys	tem		
		C) Browser			D)	Shareware			
	5)	Errors on Goog	le e	arth errors are arc	ound	met	ers.		
		A) 500 to 600 n	า		B)	1 to 2 m			
		C) 100 to 125 m	ete	ers	D)	None of these			
	6)	is the	e me	ost powerful type	of co	mputer.			
		A) Minicompute				Microcompute	er		
		C) Mainframe c	om	puter	D)	Super comput	er		



7)	Tree is denoted in	vector data as			
	A) Point	B) Line	C) Polygon	D) None of these	
8)	The primary purpo	se ofsoft	ware is to create tex	at based documents.	
	A) Web developm	ent	B) Word processi	ng	
	C) Spreadsheet		D) Graphics		
9)	In MS-Excel, a wo	orkbook is made up	of one or more		
	A) Workpages	B) Worksheets	C) Booksheets	D) Bookpages	
10)	ASCCI code conta	ainsnum	ber of digits.		
	A) 6	B) 7	C) 8	D) 9	
11)	Getting informatio	n about object witho	out contacting them	is known as	
	A) Geographical i	nformation system	B) Remote sensir	ng	
	C) Information sys	stem	D) None of the ab	ove	
12)	RAM is referred to	asstora	ige.		
	A) Direct	B) Secondary	C) Nonvolatile	D) Sequential	
13)	DVD stands for				
	A) Digital Video D	ata	B) Digital Versatil	e Disk	
	C) Direct Video D	isk	D) Direct Versatil	e Disk	
14)	printer	requires special par	oer.		
	A) Chain	B) Inkjet	C) Laser	D) Thermal	
2. W	rite short note (any	four) :			12
1)	Hardware				
2)	Wi-Fi				
3)	Secondary storag	e devices			
4)	CPU				
5)	Bluetooth.				
,					

3.	Write a	a short	answer	(anv 1	four) :
٠.	•••••	2011011	a	∖⊶,	· • • · · ·

16

- 1) How to mark places on google earth?
- 2) What are the two types of hard disks?
- 3) Explain the four types of computers.
- 4) Difference between conventional method and G.I.S. method.
- 5) Explain the history and development of Internet.

4. Write long answer (any two):

14

- 1) Difference between conventional method and G.I.S. method.
- 2) What is an operating system? Discuss.
- 3) What is a segments of G.P.S.?

5. Explain the relationship between archaeology and global positioning system. 14

OR

What is remote sensing? Explain satellite remote sensing.



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – II (Semester – IV) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Art and Architecture in Ancient India (Comp.) (Paper – I)

•	Day and Date : Tuesday, 22-4-2014 Time : 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.					Total Marks : 70
		Instructions: 1) A	All questions are con	npulsory.		
		2) F	igures to the right ir	ndicate full marks.		
1.	Se	elect appropriate w	ord :			14
	1)	In India prehistorio	c rock art found at			
		a) Bagh	b) Ajanta	c) Bhimbetka	d)	Badami
	2)	Kailasnath Templ	e at Kanchi was built l	by		king.
		a) Rajrajeshwar	b) Rajendra	c) Rajshekhar	d)	Rajsimha
	3)	A portrait of Kirtiva	arma has located at _			
		a) Ajanta	b) Bagh	c) Badami	d)	Sittanvasal
	4)	Mount Abu is famo	ous for			
		a) Jain temples	b) Hindu temples	c) Buddhist temples	d)	None of these
	5)	Temples at	be	longs to Gupta period.		
				c) Khajuraho	d)	Sanchi
	6)	The painting depic	cting "Meeting of Lord	d Buddha and Rahul" is	loca	ated in cave
			of Ajanta.	-1		
		a) 16 th	b) 17 th	c) 1 st	d)	2 nd
	7)	Urushrunga mean	s			
		a) Gavaksha	b) Small Shikhara	c) Savarna	d)	Upapita
	8)	Papnath Temple a	at Pattadakal is of	dei	ty.	
		a) Shiva	b) Vishnu	c) Brahma	d)	Kartikeya

3) Write a critical note on Sun Temple, Mondhera.



अ) खजुराहो

5.	Explain the development of Indian OR	painting from prehistoric to historic period	. 14
	State the origin and development of	of Temple architecture in India.	
	Į	मराठी रूपांतर	
	सूचना : १) सर्व प्रश्न व उपप्रश		
	२) उजवीकडील अंब	क गुण दर्शवितात.	
१.	योग्य पर्याय निवडा :		88
	१) प्रागैतिहासिक शैलचित्रे भारतात	या ठिकाणी सापडली.	
		क) भीमबेटका ड) बदामी	
	२) कांची येथील कैलासनाथ मंदिर	या राजाने बांधले.	
		 क) राजशेखर ड) राजसिंह	
	३) कीर्तीवर्मा राजाचे चित्र	येथे आहे.	
		 क) बदामी ड) सित्तनवसल	
	४) 'माऊंट अबु' हे ठिकाण	साठी प्रसिद्ध आहे.	
		क) बौद्ध मंदिरे ड) यापैकी नाही	
	५) येथिल मंति	देर गुप्त कालखंडातील आहे.	
	अ) मोढेरा ब) तेर	क) खजुराहो ड) सांची	
	६) अजिंठा येथील गृहा क्र.	मध्ये गौतम बुद्ध व राहुल यांच्या भेटीचे चित्र आह	हे.
	अ) १६	•	
	७) ऊरूश्रृंग म्हणजे	होय.	
		ाखर क) संवर्णा ड) उपपीठ	
	८) पट्टदकल येथील पापनाथ मंदिर	देवतेचे आहे.	
	अ) शिव ब) विष्णू	क) ब्रह्मा ड) कार्तिकेय	
	९) उत्तर भारतातील मंदिरांना	पद्धतीची मंदिरे म्हणतात.	
	अ) नागर ब) द्रविड	क) वेसर ड) भूमिज	
8	०) कंदारिया महादेव मंदिर	येथे आहे.	

ब) मोंढेरा क) अयोध्या ड) नाशिक

9	(88	हत्तरसंग कुडल येथील ही	रेहरेश्वर मंदिरास		गर्भगृह आहेत.	
		अ) चार		क) एक	_	
;	१२)	ऐहोळे येथील दुर्गा मंदिरा	वे विधान	आहे.		
		अ) गजपृष्ठाकार	ब) चौरस	क) आयताकार	ड) वर्तुळाकार	
;	(\$)		पासून साहित्याम	ध्ये 'देवायतन' या शब्द	ाचा उल्लेख सापडतो.	
		अ) इ. स. पूर्व पहिले श	तक	ब) इ. स.पहिले १	ातक	
		क) इ. स. दुसरे शतक		ड) इ. स. पूर्व दुसरे	शतक	
:	१४)	ओरिसा मधील कोणार्क				
		अ) दिक्पाल	ब) नवग्रह	क) सूर्य	ड) ब्रह्मा	
₹.	टीप	ा लिहा (कोणतेही चार):			१२
	१)	मिनाक्षी मंदिर, मदुराई	?)	उत्तरेश्वर मंदिर, तेर		
	3)	सित्तनवसल चित्रशैली	8)	नीलकंठेश्वर मंदिर, नि	लंगा-बाहेरील बाजू	
	५)	रंगशिला व चंद्रशिला मध	थील फरक			
₹.	खा	लील प्रश्नांची थोडक्यात	उत्तरे लिहा (कोणते :	ही चार) :		१६
	१)	महाराष्ट्रातील मंदिरे भूमि	ज शैलीची मंदिरे म्हण	गून ओळखली जातात,	या विषयी चर्चा करा.	
	۲)	हत्तरसंग कुडल येथील ह	रिहरेश्वर मंदिराच्या स	वर्गमंडपाचे वर्णन करा.		
	३)	'चंदेल शैली' विषयी स्री	वेस्तर माहिती द्या.			
	४)	उमरगा येथील महादेव म	दिरावर टीकात्मक टि	प्पणी लिहा.		
	५)	बदामी येथील चित्रकलेच	ी प्रमुख वैशिष्ट्ये स	पष्ट करा.		
٧.	खा	लील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहा	(कोणतेही दोन):			१४
	१)	दक्षिण भारतातील मंदिर	स्थापत्यकलेची प्रमुख	व्र वैशिष्ट्ये लिहा.		
	۲)	अजिंठा चित्रकलेची वैशि	ाष्ट्ये स्पष्ट करा.			
	३)	'सूर्य मंदिर, मोंढेरा' याव	र टीकात्मक टिप्पणी	लिहा.		
५.	भार	तामधील चित्रकलेचा प्रागं	ौतिहासिक कालखंड	ते ऐतिहासिक कालखंड	डा दरम्यान झालेला विकास	
	स्प	ट करा.				१४
		किं वा	_			
	भार	तामधील मंदिर वास्तुकर	लेचा उगम आणि विव	क्रास स्पष्ट करा.		



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – II (Semester – IV) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Ancient Indian Paleography and Epigraphy (Comp. – Paper – II)

			(Comp	. – Paper – II)		
-		d Date : Thurs 3.00 p.m. to 6.	day, 24-4-2014 00 p.m.		Max. Ma	arks : 70
		N.B. :	 All questions a Figures to the 	-		
1. 5	Sel	ect the approp	oriate word :			14
	1)	у	ear Emperor Ashol	ka's Girnar Rock	edict found.	
		A) 1882	B) 1883	C) 1884	D) 1885	
1	2)		scholar discover th	ie Ashoka's Girn	ar Rock edict.	
		A) Tod	B) Princep	C) Sen	D) Forest	
;	3)	Treekking Dri	imitrius name ment	ion in	inscription.	
		A) Mathura	B) Pulumavi	C) Naneghat	D) Kharvel	
•	4)		season mention int	o Pulumavi's Na	shik inscription.	
		A) autumn	B) Spring	C) Summer	D) Winter	
;	5)	W	as installed Garup	pillar inscription		
		A) Minadar		B) Chandragu	ıpta	
		C) Heliodorus	8	D) Krishna		
(6)	An Ancient In	dia Kokan was kno	wn as		
		A) Surashtra	B) Anup	C) Kukur	D) Apparent	
•	-		formation we get fro		•	
			B) Prayag			
;					inscription of Kharvel.	
		•	B) Aravali	•	· =	
!	-		• -		udragupta first time.	
		A) Troyar	B) Ojha	C) Jones	D) B. Lad	

Sketch the life of Rudradaman I with help of Junagarh inscription.



मराठी रूपांतर

सूचना : 1) सर्व प्रश्न आवश्यक. 2) उजवीकडील अंक गुण दर्शवितात.

योग	य पर्याय निवडा :				14
1)		गवर्षी सम्राट अशोक	ाचे गिरनार प्रस्तरलेख	सापडले.	
	अ) 1882	ब) 1883	क) 1884	ভ) 1885	
2)	या र्	वेद्वानाने सम्राट अशो	काचे गिरनार प्रस्तरलेर	ख शोधला.	
	अ) टॉड	ब) प्रिन्सेप	क) सेन	ड) फॉरेस्ट	
3)	ग्रीक राजा ड्रीमीट्रीयर	प्तचा नामोल्लेख	या आ	लेखात आला.	
	अ) मथुरा	ब) पुलुमावी	क) नाणेघाट	ड) खारवेल	
4)	पुलुमावीच्या नाशिक	हिशलालेखात	ऋतुचा	उल्लेख आढळतो.	
	अ) ग्रीष्म	ब) वसंत	क) शरद	ड) हिवाळा	
5)	या	ने गरूड स्तंभ प्रस्तरल	नेख उभारला आहे.		
	अ) मिनॅडर	ब) चन्द्रगुप्त	क) हेलीओडोरस	ड) कृष्णा	
6)	प्राचीन भारतात कोव	न्प	_ या नावाने परिचित ह	होते.	
	अ) सौराष्ट्र	ब) अनुप	क) कुकूर	ड) अपरेंट	
7)	या	आलेखात लाकुली र	तांप्रदाय या विषयी मा	हिती आहे.	
	अ) जुनागर	ब) प्रयाग	क) मथुरा	ड) नाशिक	
8)	खारवेलाचा हाथीगुंप	ज आलेख	या पर्वतावर	सापडला.	
	अ) सह्याद्री	ब) अरावली	क) हिमालय	ड) खंडगिरी	
9)	याने	ो समुद्र गुप्ताच्या प्रया	ग प्रशस्तीचे प्रथमत:	वाचन केले.	
	अ) ट्रॉयर	ब) ओझा	क) जोन्स	ड) बी. लाड	
10)	पुलकेशी ॥ ऐहोळ प्र	शस्ती	_ कोरला आहे.		
	अ) कालीदास	ब) रविकीर्ती	क) भारावी	ड) तिलभट्ट	
11)	शक संवत्सतराचा सं	स्थापक	आहे.		
	अ) सातवाहन	ब) नहपान	क) कनिष्क	ड) चालुक्य	

	12)	प्रभावती गुप्ताच्या प	तिचे नाव काय ?				
		अ) रुद्रसेन	ब) रुद्रदामन	क)	रुद्रगुप्त	ड) नंदीवर्मन	
	13)	प्रियदर्शी ही पदवी	य	ा राजाने	धारण केले.		
		अ) अशोक	ब) कुणाल	क)	सागर	ड) बींबीसार	
	14)	भारतातील सर्वात प्रा	- चीन शिलालेख _		या राज	गशी संबंधी आहे.	
		अ) अशोक			_		
2.	टीप	ा लिहा (कोणतेही 4)	:				14
		धम्मघोष					
	2)	सुदर्शन तलाव					
	•	पुलकेशी II					
	-	[ु] धर्ममहामात्रा					
	5)	कलचुरी कालखंड.					
3.	थोड	उक्यात उत्तरे लिहा (क <u>े</u>	1. 4) :				14
٥.		मथुरा शिलालेखाचे ग	,				
	•	हाथीगुंफा शिलालेख		ारवेलाचे) कार्य विशद क	स.	
		प्रयाग प्रशस्तीचे ऐति	_				
	•	प्रभावती गुप्ताच्या पु	_				
	•	नागणिका राणीचा न					
1	Да	ास्तर उत्तरे लिहा (कोण्	ਗਰੇਵੀ 2 \ ·				14
4.		पुलुमावीचा नाशिक -	,	JT			14
	-	विक्रम सवंत विषयी		ΧI.			
	,	ऐहोळ शिलालेखाचे					
	,	·					
5.	1)	अशोकाच्या गिरनार	आलेखाचे धार्मिक	महत्त्व	विशद करा.		14
			किंवा				
	2)	जुनागड शिलालेखाच्य	या आधारे रुद्रदाम	नचे जी	वन वृत्तांताचे ले	खन करा.	



1.

Seat	
No.	

M.A. – II (Semester – IV) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Philosophy and Religious History of Ancient India (Opt. Paper – I)

Day and Date: Saturday, 26-4-2014 Max. Marks: 70 Time: 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

N.B.: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures of right indicate full marks.

Sel	ect the appropria	te word :			14
1)	Vaisheshik theor	y stage by the	scho	olar.	
	A) Kanad	B) Kapil	C) Gautam	D) Jaimini	
2)) What is the name of Gautam Budda's father?				
	A) Ajit	B) Sidarth	C) Shudhodhan	D) Sambhav	
3)	Wa	as twenty third Th	nirthankar of Jain	sm.	
	A) Mallinath	B) Ananth	C) Chandra	D) Pashawanath	
4)	Panchmahavrat (concept is related	d with	religion.	
	A) Buddhism	B) Jainism	C) Vaidic	D) Islam	
5)	Four Aryasatya o	concept is related	with	religion.	
	A) Buddhism	B) Ajivik	C) Jainism	D) Vaidic	
6)	Dharmamahama	tra officer appoin	ted by	_ king.	
	A) Arjun	B) Mahipal	C) Ashok	D) Chandragupt	
7)	Ganpatya sect w	orship	God.		
	A) Mahadev	B) Vishnu	C) Ganpati	D) Durga	
8)	Kapalik cult is rel	ated with	sect.		
	A) Shiva	B) Vishnu	C) Ganpati	D) Gopal	
9)	r	novement eros is	s in 12 th century.		
	A) Bakti	B) Social	C) Dalit	D) Cultural	
10)	Chaitanyaprabhu	u is related	sect.		
	A) Shakta	B) Vaishnav	C) Shaiv	D) Ganpati	

SLR-F	PA – 28		-2-		
11) Varkari cult wo	orship	God.		
	A) Vittal	B) Shiva	C) Surya	D) Gajanan	
12) Ligayat is sub	sect of	cult.		
	A) Virshaiv	B) Shakta	C) Varkarri	D) Vaishnav	
13)	and	_ are main holly lit	erature of Jain religion.	
	A) Anga and A	Agam	B) Ramayan	and Mahabharat	
	C) Sutta and F	Pitak	D) Smurti and	l Sruti	
14) Third Buddhis	t council organis	ed by	_	
	A) Ashoka	B) Kunal	C) Rahul	D) Anand	
2. Sł	nort note (any fo	our) :			12
) Mimamsa and	,			
2) Triratna				
3) Mahavrata				
4) Kapalik cult				
5) Four aryasaty	a.			
3 SI	nort answer (an	v four) ·			16
) Describe the	•			10
			vo sect		
2) Write in short about Jainism two sect.3) Explain about the Buddhist conference.4) Elaborate the Sakhya and Yog philosophy.					
		t the Sadavad th			
	•				44
		etail (any two) :	. 11		14
		I note on ligayat			
		Ashatangmarg te	•		
3) Explain the six	x school of philo	sophy.		
5. 1)	Discuss the ca	uses behind the	origin of Buddhis	m.	14
		OR			
2)	Describe the J	ainism teaching	. Is it help to eradi	cat unequality from society	



मराठी रूपांतर

सूचना : 1) सर्व प्रश्न आवश्यक. 2) उजवीकडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात.

1. यो	ग्य पर्याय निवडा.				14
1) वैशिषेक सिद्धांत	विद्वांन	गानी मांडली.		
	अ) कन्नड	ब) कपिल	क) गौतम	ड) जैमीनी	
2) गौतम बुद्धांचे वडील	ांचे नाव	होते.		
	अ) अजित	ब) सिद्धार्थ	क) शुद्धोधन	ड) संभव	
3) हे	जैन धर्माचे 23 वे ति	र्थंकर होते.		
	अ) मल्लीनाथ	ब) अनंत	क) चंद्र	ड) पार्श्वनाथ	
4) पंचमहाव्रत ही संकल	पना	धर्माशी निगडीत ३	नाहे.	
			क) वैदिक		
5) चार आर्यसत्य संकल	पना	धर्माशी निगडीत	आहे.	
	अ) बौद्ध	ब) अजिविक	क) जैनधर्म	ड) वैदिक	
6) धर्ममहामात्रा या आर्	धेकाऱ्यांची नेमणूक ृ	यान	ने केली.	
	अ) अर्जुन	ब) महीपाल	क) अशोक	ड) चन्द्रगुप्त	
7) गणपती संप्रदाय	या देव	व्रतेची पूजा करतात.		
	अ) महादेव	ब) विष्णू	क) गणपती	ड) दुर्गा	
8) कापालिक पंथ हे	पंथा	शी संबंधी आहे.		
	अ) शिव	ब) विष्णू	क) गणपती	ड) गोपाल	
9) 12 व्या शतकात				
			क) दलित	ड) सांस्कृतिक	
10) चैतन्यप्रभू हे	सांप्रदाय	ाशी संबंधी होते.		
	अ) शाक्त	ब) वैष्णव	क) शैव	ड) गणपती	
11) वारकरी सांप्रदाय	या देवते	चि पूजा करतात.		
	अ) विठ्ठल	ब) शिव	क) सूर्या	ड) गजानन	
12) लिगायत हा	या पेथाचा	। उपपेय आहे.		
	अ) विरशैव	ब) शाक्त	क) वारकरी	ड) वैष्णव	

SLR-PA - 29



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – II (Sem. – IV) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Indian Museums (Opt.) (Paper – II)

	maian iii	assams (spin) (i apsi in)	
-	and Date : Tuesday, 29-4-201 : 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	4	Max. Marks : 70
	Instructions: 1) All quest 2) Figures t	tions are compulsory . to the right indicate full marks.	
1. S	Select the appropriate word.		14
-	 a) Habit of collection b) Collection c) Choosing the objects d) Collection of objects 	_ is an important part of Museum.	
2	Types of museum is based on		
	a) Subject	b) Object	
	c) Number	d) Serials	
3	3) The Laterite Stone is		
	a) Water based	b) Air based	
	c) Hole based	d) Soil based	
4	4) National Museum Delhi is o	established in	
	a) 1946	b) 1947	
	c) 1948	d) 1949	
Ę	5)garden is sta	rted by Hyasu the princes of Egypt	for the people.
	a) Garden of Acclamation		
	b) Huge Garden		
	c) Small Garden		
	d) Victory Garden		



6)	The	_ should have knowledge of colours in the museum.				
	a) Guide	b) Curator				
	c) Chief of museum	d) Common man				
7)	Mixture of gold and si	lver is called				
	a) Patin	b) Mix metal				
	c) Eletrum	d) Electron				
8)	is t	ne largest museum in Maharashtra.				
	a) Kelkar Museum					
	b) Museum of Ter					
	c) Armary Museum					
	d) Chatrapati Shivaji	d) Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Museum				
9)	We got information a	bout museum in very less time, with the help of				
		h) Dhata				
	a) Light	b) Photo				
	c) Light	d) Guide				
10)	Chinese pot made by	clay.				
10)	Chinese pot made by a) Black soil	clay. b) White soil				
10)						
	a) Black soil	b) White soild) Mud soil				
	a) Black soilc) Red soil	b) White soild) Mud soil				
	a) Black soilc) Red soilIndian museum is in _	b) White soil d) Mud soil				
11)	a) Black soilc) Red soilIndian museum is in _a) Delhic) Kolkata	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai				
11)	a) Black soilc) Red soilIndian museum is in _a) Delhic) Kolkata	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu				
11)	 a) Black soil c) Red soil Indian museum is in a) Delhi c) Kolkata Museum is the word of 	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu came from culture.				
11)	 a) Black soil c) Red soil Indian museum is in a) Delhi c) Kolkata Museum is the word of a) Sumer culture c) Sindhu culture 	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu came from culture. b) Akkar culture				
11) 12)	 a) Black soil c) Red soil Indian museum is in a) Delhi c) Kolkata Museum is the word of a) Sumer culture c) Sindhu culture 	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu came from culture. b) Akkar culture d) Greek culture				
11) 12)	a) Black soil c) Red soil Indian museum is in_ a) Delhi c) Kolkata Museum is the word of a) Sumer culture c) Sindhu culture is ar	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu came from culture. b) Akkar culture d) Greek culture n important liquid for cleaning gold objects.				
11) 12)	a) Black soil c) Red soil Indian museum is in _ a) Delhi c) Kolkata Museum is the word of a) Sumer culture c) Sindhu culture is ar a) Saponine c) Sodium cloride	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu came from culture. b) Akkar culture d) Greek culture i important liquid for cleaning gold objects. b) Costic soda				
11) 12) 13)	a) Black soil c) Red soil Indian museum is in _ a) Delhi c) Kolkata Museum is the word of a) Sumer culture c) Sindhu culture is ar a) Saponine c) Sodium cloride	b) White soil d) Mud soil b) Mumbai d) Tamil Nadu came from culture. b) Akkar culture d) Greek culture i important liquid for cleaning gold objects. b) Costic soda d) Assitone				



2.	Write short notes on any four of the following:	12
	1) Labels in museum.	
	2) Conservation of stone objects.	
	3) Salarjang museum in Hydrabad.	
	4) Origin of museum in ancient period.	
	5) Communication.	
3.	Write short answers on any four of the following:	16
	1) Discuss of museum in modern age.	
	2) Describe the Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Vastu Sangrahalaya.	
	3) Explain the method of conserving iron objects.	
	4) How the lightning, techniques and devices useful in displaying objects in museum?	
	5) Write the information of Mathura Museum.	
4.	Write answers on any two of the following:	14
	1) What is Museum? Write the origin and development of museum's in the world.	
	2) Write the methods of displaying objects in museum.	
	3) Write the methods of conservation of metal.	
5.	Describe in detail the Raja Dinkar Kelkar Museum as a tourist attraction.	14
	OR	
	Write the report on the museum visited by you.	



मराठी रूपांतर

सूचना : १) **सर्व** प्रश्न व उपप्रश्न सोडवावेत.

२) **उजवीकडील** अंक **गुण** दर्शवितात.

ξ.	योग्य पर्याय निवडा.		१४
	१) माणूस व	हे संग्रहालयाच्या उदयाचे अविभाज्य घटक आहेत.	
	अ) संग्रह वृत्ती	ब) गोळा करणे	
	क) वस्तु निवडणे	ड) वस्तुंचा साठा करणे	
	२) संग्रहालयाचा प्रकार	वर आधारित असतो.	
	अ) विषय	ब) वस्तु	
	क) संख्या	ड) क्रमांक	
	३) जांभा खडक	असतो.	
	अ) जलमय	ब) वायुमय	
	क) छिद्रमय	ड) मृदामय	
	४) राष्ट्रीय वस्तु संग्रहालय दिर्ल्ल	। येथे या वर्षी स्थापन झाले.	
	अ) इ. सन १९४६	ब) इ. सन १९४७	
	क) इ. सन १९४८	ड) इ. सन १९४९	
	५) इजिप्तची राजकन्या ह्यसु हिने	लोकांसाठी ही बाग तयार केली.	
	अ) गार्डन ऑफ अकलमेश	Ŧ	
	ब) ह्यूज. गार्डन		
	क) स्मॉल गार्डन		
	ड) व्हिक्टरी गार्डन		
	६) संग्रहालयातील रंगसंगतीचे ज्ञा	न ला असले पाहिजे.	
	अ) मार्गदर्शक	ब) क्यूरेटर	
	क) प्रमुख	ड) सर्वसामान्य माणूस	
	७) सोने आणि चांदी यांच्या मिश्र	णास असे म्हणतात.	
	अ) पेटीन	ब) समिश्र धातू	
	क) इलेकद्रम	ड) इलेकटॉन	



(ک	महाराष्ट्रातील सर्वात मोठे वस्तु संग्रहाल	य है	होय.
	अ) केळकर संग्रहालय		
	ब) तेरचे संग्रहालय		
	क) शस्त्रागार संग्रहालय		
	ड) छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराज वस्तु सं	प्रहालय	
९)	मुळे अगदी थोड्य	वेळात संग्रहालयातील	वस्तुंची माहिती मिळते.
	अ) नामनिर्देशक	ब) फोटो	
	क) प्रकाश	ड) मार्गदर्शक	
१०)	चिनी मातीचे भांडेर	गा मातीपासून बनवले जा	ते.
	अ) काळी माती		
	ब) पांढरी माती		
	क) लाल माती		
	ड) चिकण माती		
११)	भारतीय संग्रहालय र	गा ठिकाणी आहे.	
·	अ) दिल्ली	ब) मुंबई	
	क) कलकत्ता	ड) तमिळनाडू	
१२)	या संस्कृतीमधून 'र	-यूझियम ['] (संग्रहालय) ह	हा शब्द जगास मिळाला.
·	अ) सुमेर संस्कृती		
	ब) अक्कड संस्कृती		
	क) सिंधू संस्कृती		
	ड) ग्रीक संस्कृती		
१३)	सोन्याच्या वस्तु स्वच्छ करण्याचे सर्वात	उत्तम द्रावण	हे होय.
	अ) रीठा (सॅपोनीन)	ब) कॉस्टीक सोडा	
	क) सोडियम क्लोराईड	ड) ॲसीटोन	
१४)	दिव्यांमध्ये मुख्यत:	व हे	रंग वापरले जातात.
	अ) तांबडा, निळा		
	ब) तांबडा, जांभळा		
	क) तांबडा, पिवळा		
	ड) तांबडा, काळा		

२. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही चारवर थोडक्यात टीपा लिहा: 99 १) संग्रहालयातील नामनिर्देशक २) दगडी वस्तुचे जतन ३) सालारजंग संग्रहालय हैद्राबाद ४) संग्रहालयाचा उदय-प्राचीन कालखंड ५) संदेशवहन. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही चार प्रश्नांची थोडक्यात उत्तरे लिहा : १६ १) संग्रहालयाची आधुनिक काळातील प्रगती सांगा. २) छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराज वस्तु संग्रहालयाची माहिती लिहा. ३) लोखंडी वस्तुंचे जतन कसे करावे ? ४) संग्रहालयात वस्तुंची मांडणी करण्यासाठी प्रकाशाची साधने व तंत्र कशी उपयुक्त पडतात ते लिहा. ५) मथुरा वस्तुसंग्रहालयाची माहिती लिहा. ४. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही दोन प्रश्नांची सविस्तर उत्तरे लिहा: 88 १) संग्रहालय म्हणजे काय ? ते सांगून भारताबाहेरील संग्रहालयाचा उदय व विकास कसा झाला ते स्पष्ट करा. २) संग्रहालयातील विविध वस्तुंची मांडणी कशा पद्धतीने करतात ते सांगा. ३) धातुचे जतन करण्याची पद्धती थोडक्यात लिहा. ५. पर्यटकांसाठी आकर्षण ठरलेले राजा दिनकर केळकर वस्तु संग्रहालयाची माहिती लिहा. १४ किंवा तुम्ही भेट दिलेल्या एका संग्रहालयाचा वृत्तांत लिहा.

-6-

Seat	
No.	

M.A. – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY (New) Introduction to Archaeology (Paper – II)

		Introduction	to Archa	aeology (Paper – II)		
•		d Date : Wednesday, 23-4-2 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.	014		Max. Marks : 7	'0
	1	Instructions : 1) All questi 2) Figures to		ompulsory. tindicate full marks.		
1.	Se	lect the appropriate word.			1	14
	1)	is the author India and Pakistan'.	of book e	entitled 'Prehistory and	Protohistory of	
		a) John Marshall	b)	Mortimer Wheeler		
		c) H. D. Sankalia	d)	K. N. Dixit		
	2)	The Brahmi script was deci	phered by			
		a) John Princep	b)	Jems Princep		
		c) John Lubbock	d)	Glyn Daniel		
	3)	is the founded	er of Asiati	c society of Bengal.		
		a) William Jones	b)	Alexander Cunnigham		
		c) Lord Curzon	d)	Lord Bentik		
	4)	The father of 'New Archaeo	logy' is			
		a) Carla Batzar	b)	Captain Hwakins		
		c) David Caska	d)	Loui Binford		
	5)	Harappan site at Mohenjod	aro excava	ated by	-	
		a) Sir John Marshall	b)	Lord Henribruk		
		c) Mortimer Wheeler	d)	William Jones		
	6)	Robert J. Breadwood wrote	the book			
		a) Approach to Archaeolog	ly			
		b) Archaeologist and what	they do?			
		c) Archaeology and Societ	У			
		d) None of above				

7) The rule of antiquities and archaeological remains act passed by				assed by			
		a) Lord Curzon	b)	Lord William			
		c) Lord Dalhousie	d)	Lord Wellesli			
	8)	The head quarter of archaeologica	al si	urvery of India	is	at	
		a) Delhi	b)	Mumbai			
		c) Kolkata	d)	Aurangabad			
	9)	The discovery of submerged city v	vas	made by			
		a) Dr. Mink	b)	Dr. Wings			
		c) Dr. Kins	d)	Dr. Sen			
	10)	John Marshall was appointed as the of India in	e Di	rector Genera	l of	Archaeological Survey	
		a) 1900 b) 1902	c)	1905	d)	1906	
	11)	The author of 'Puratattvavidya' is $_$					
		a) D. D. Kosambi	b)	R. Banerji			
		c) V. Shinde	d)	S. B. Deo			
	12)	Charles Darwin put forth		theory.			
		a) Human evolution	b)	Origin of soc	ial		
		c) Origin of species					
	13)	introduced first the	e sc	eientific metho	ds	of archaeology.	
		a) Mortimer Wheeler	,				
		c) John Marshall	,				
	14)	Under water archaeology is also ki	nov	vn as			
		a) Marine Archa.					
		b) Water science					
		c) Ethno-archaeology					
		d) Salvage archaeology					
2.	Wr	ite short notes on any four of the f	ollo	wing:			12
	1)	Various definitions of archaeology					
	2)	Mortimer wheeler					
	3)	New archaeology					
	4)	History and archaeology					
	5)	William Johns.					

SLR-PA - 8



Seat	
No.	

M.A. (Part – I) (Semester – I) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY ANCIENT INDIAN ICONOGRAPHY (Paper – III) (New)

•	Day and Date : Friday, 25-4-2014 Total Marks : 70 Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.						
ı	Instructions: 1) All questions are com						
	2) Figures to the right in	dicate full marks.					
1. Se	lect appropriate alternatives :	14					
1)	is a Vahana (vehicle	e) of Lord Ganesha.					
	a) Mouse (Mushaka)	b) Bull (Nandi)					
	c) Eagle (Garuda)	d) Swan (Hansa)					
2)	is the sign which is	on the chest of Vishnu.					
	a) Kaustubha	b) Shrivasta					
	c) Kunteya	d) Surdaeshna					
3)	Icon of Hari-Hara means synchronization	n of					
	a) Brahama and Surya	b) Ganesha and Kartikeya					
	c) Vishnu and Shiva	d) None of these					
4)	is 23 rd Tirthankar of	Jain religion.					
	a) Mahavir	b) Parshwanath					
	c) Vrishbhanath	d) Nemi					
5)	5) Saptamatrikapatta is the speciality of the temples built by						
	a) Yadava	b) Rashtrakuta					
	c) Satvahana	d) Later-Chalukya					



6)	Ka	llyanasundara P	RATIMA means				
	a)	Depiction of Ma	arriage				
	b)	Depiction of Bir	rth				
	c)	Depiction of De	eath				
	d)	Depiction of Ed	ucation				
7)			_ is the name of the L	ord	Vishnu's conch	(Sa	ınkha).
	a)	Panchyajanya		b)	Koumudi		
	c)	Surdarshan		d)	Padma		
8)			_ is a Devsenapati.				
		Kartikeya		b)	Ganesha		
	c)	Indra		d)	Varuna		
9)			_of the following mud	dra	is relevant to Bu	ddh	a according to
	Ga	andhar School o	fart in standing posi	tior	۱.		
	a)	Varad		b)	Abhay		
	c)	Bhumisparsha		d)	Vykhan		
10)	Sh	ukavyal is comb	oination of				
	a)	Parrot and lion		b)	Eagle and lion		
	c)	Crow and lion		d)	Sparrow and lio	n	
11)	Bh	airav is	Form of S	Shiv	a.		
	a)	Soumya	b) Roudra	c)	Nrutya	d)	None of these
12)	4 th	incarnation of V	/ishnu is				
	a)	Mastya	b) Varaha	c)	Narsimha	d)	Kalki
13)			_ is the future Buddha				
	a)	Maitreya		b)	Amoghasiddhi		
	c)	Avalokitesvara		d)	Manjushri		
14)			_ is the Buddhist God	of v	wealth.		
	a)	Padmapani		b)	Vajrapani		
	c)	Jambhala		d)	Janguli		

2	Write short notes on the following (any four out of five):	12
	1) Darpana	
	2) Kinnara	
	3) Mahavira	
	4) Sheshashayi Shayan Vishnu	
	5) Natesh (Nrutya Shiva)	
3.	Write short answers of the following (any four out of five):	16
	1) What is Vaikunta Murthi? Give two examples.	
	2) Write a note on icons of Kartikeya found in South India.	
	3) Write characteristic of Vrushabhanatha icons.	
	4) Discuss Shiva as Soumya Murthi.	
	5) Write salient features of the Andhakasura Vadhamurti.	
4.	Answer the following (any two out of three):	14
	1) Explain in detail about icons of Ashtadikkpals.	
	2) What is Saptamatrukapatt? Give the characteristic.	
	3) Describe different types of Ganesh Icons.	
5.	Which are the 'Dashavatar' (ten incarnations) of Lord Vishnu? Discuss.	
	OR	
	Explain the development of Buddha Icons in detail	14



Seat	
No.	

M.A. – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2014 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY Pre and Protohistory of South Asia (Paper – IV) (New)

•		d Date : Monday, 28-4-2014 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.			Total Marks	: 70
	1	nstructions: 1) All questions are 2) Figures to the ri ç				
1.	Sel	ect appropriate word :				14
	1)	Ahar culture remains have been for	ound	d in the State of		
		a) Rajasthan	b)	Gujarat		
		c) Madhya Pradesh	d)	Uttar Pradesh		
	2)	The Indus valley people lived in ho	use	s made of		
		a) Wood	b)	Mud		
		c) Bricks	d)	Stone Slabs		
	3)	The most impressive feature of the	е На	rappan culture is		
		a) Town planning	b)	Arrangements of houses	3	
		c) Drainage system	d)	Pottery		
	4)	Three age system was first formul	ated	d by		
		a) C. J. Thomsen	b)	Mortimer Wheeler		
		c) John Marshall	d)	H. D. Sankaliya		
	5)	Dolmen is a structure of		period.		
		a) Mesolithic	b)	Megalithic		
		c) Neolithic	d)	Chalcolithic		
	6)	Ash mounds are the characteristic	of Sc	outh Indian	culture.	
		a) Neolithic	b)	Iron		
		c) Early Historic	d)	Mesolithic		



7)) culture is known as 'Nevasian culture'.				
	a) Lower palaeolithic	b) Middle palaeolithic			
	c) Upper palaeolithic	d) None of these			
8)	Match the following:				
	1) Hand axe	a) Neolithic			
	2) Blades	b) Lower palaeolithic			
	3) Polished axe	c) Upper palaeolithic			
	a) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c	b) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a			
	c) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c	d) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b			
9)	pottery had or	ange or dark red slip.			
	a) O.C.P.	b) P.G.W.			
	c) N.B.P.W.	d) Black and Red			
10)	Ostrich egg shell beads have been	found at			
	a) Bagore	b) Adamgarh			
	c) Patne	d) Vadamadurai			
11)	Burin is characteristic tool of	culture.			
	a) Middle palaeolithic	b) Upper palaeolithic			
	c) Mesolithic	d) Neolithic			
12)	is a megalithic	site located in Vidarbha.			
	a) Hallur	b) Mahurzari			
	c) Maski	d) Payampalli			
13)	Grinding and polishing technique us	sed inperiod.			
	a) Neolithic	b) Chalcolithic			
	c) Mesolithic	d) Early Historic			
14)	Pleistocene epoch ends in	age.			
	a) Mesolithic	b) Neolithic			
	c) Upper palaeolithic	d) Lower palaeolithic			



2.	Write short notes of the following (any four):	12
	1) Microliths	
	2) N.B.P.W. Culture	
	3) Harappan Seals	
	4) Tools from Neolithic age	
	5) Homo sapien sapien.	
3.	Write short answers of the following (any four):	16
	1) Write salient features of Kayatha culture.	
	2) Discuss development of Neolithic culture.	
	3) What do you know about Nal culture? Write in short.	
	4) Write a critical note on Malwa pottery.	
	5) Describe lower palaeolithic tools.	
4.	Answer any two:	14
	1) Describe the archaeological remains of Burzhom and why it is important site in Indian archaeology?	
	2) What is stone circle? Discuss in detail.	
	3) Describe the characteristics of the Jorwe culture in Maharashtra.	
5. State the Harappan Town Planning with reference to archaeological evide		14
	OR	
	Describe in detail the Mesolithic life in India.	